

X854/75/01 Philosophy

TUESDAY, 23 MAY 9:00 AM – 11:20 AM



Fill in these box	es and read v	what is print	ed below.							
Full name of ce	ntre			Town						
Forename(s)		Sur	name				Nur	mber	of se	at
Date of birt	th									
Day	Month	Year	Scottish o	andidate	numbe	r				

Total marks — 80

SECTION 1 — ARGUMENTS IN ACTION - 20 marks

Attempt ALL questions.

SECTION 2 — KNOWLEDGE AND DOUBT - 30 marks

Attempt questions 2(a) and 2(b) then answer EITHER questions 3(a) – 3(d) OR questions 4(a) – 4(d)

SECTION 3 — MORAL PHILOSOPHY - 30 marks

Attempt ALL questions.

Write your answers clearly in the spaces provided in this booklet. Additional space for answers is provided at the end of this booklet. If you use this space you must clearly identify the question number you are attempting.

Use blue or black ink.

Before leaving the examination room you must give this booklet to the Invigilator; if you do not, you may lose all the marks for this paper.





## SECTION 1 — ARGUMENTS IN ACTION — 20 marks **Attempt ALL questions**

1.	(a)	Which <b>one</b> of the following has a truth value?
		Tick (✓) the correct box:
		A question
		A command
		A statement
		An exclamation
	(b)	Read the following passage:
Do you really want to go to that concert? What a rubbish band! They do play real music. Anyone can manufacture music on a computer. Think about it, for goodness' sake! Use your brain! You should only go to see bands who have genuine musical talent.		
		Tick (✓) the statements from the above passage: 3
		Do you really want to go to that concert?
		What a rubbish band!
		They don't play real music.
		Anyone can manufacture music on a computer.
		Think about it for goodness' sake!
		Use your brain!
		You should only go to see bands who have genuine musical talent.



### (continued)

(d)

(c) Read the following conversation:

Your team will lose on Saturday. They will not. They'll get beaten. Don't be so ridiculous!

Amelie

Does	the above conversation contain an argument in the philosophical sense?				
Expla	olain your answer.				
What	is the conclusion of each of the arguments below?				
(i)	I want to pass my driving test, therefore I have to work hard and practise every day. Practice will help me to pass.				
(ii)	You'll have to go to college. Either you go to college or you find a job, and you can't find a job.				
(iii)	Everyone who lives in Scotland speaks Gaelic. George lives in Scotland and so obviously George speaks Gaelic				



MARKS	DO NOT
MARKS	WRITE IN
	THIS
	MARGIN

(e)	State	three things you would do to put an argument into standard form.	3
			_
(f)	Put t	he argument below into standard form.	
	red	rely it's obvious that good health depends on eating well, which quires enough money to buy fruit and vegetables. So good health quires enough money to buy fruit and vegetables.	
	P1:		
	P2: C:		_
			_
(g)	(i)	What is a valid argument?	1
			_
			_

1. (continued)



1.	(g)	(cont	tinued)	MARKS	DO NOT WRITE IN THIS
		(ii)	Read the following argument:		MARGIN
			If the harvest is good then the price of apples falls. Since the price of apples has fallen, the harvest must have been good.		
			Explain why the above argument is invalid. You must refer to the argument in your answer.	1	
				_	
	(h)	Expla	ain the fallacy of an illegitimate appeal to authority.		
	(11)		an the factor of an inegreniate appear to additiontly.	_	
				_	
				_	
				_	
	(i)	Give autho	an example of an <b>argument</b> that contains an illegitimate appeal to	_ 2	
				_	
				_	
				_	
				_	



#### SECTION 2 — KNOWLEDGE AND DOUBT — 30 MARKS

Attempt questions 2(a) and 2(b) then attempt EITHER questions 3(a) — 3(d) OR questions 4(a) — 4(d)

2.	(a)	(i)	State the <b>three</b> conditions of the tripartite theory of knowledge.	1
		(ii)	Explain how these conditions allow us to establish whether we do or do not have knowledge.	. 2
		(iii)	Explain why the infinite regress of justification poses a problem for the tripartite theory of knowledge.	
			You may use an example to support your answer.	



MARKS	DO NOT   WRITE IN	
	THIS MARGIN	

_		
2. (	continu	4)
/ 1	CONTINI	IEA I
<b>-</b> • '	COLLCILL	1 C U /

(b)	Explain what is meant by the term 'innate idea'.

[Turn over



# Attempt ALL questions on DESCARTES or ALL questions on HUME

3.

DES	SCARTES						
(a)	Explain Descartes' Method of Doubt.						
	In your answer you must include:						
	a brief description of Descartes' aims						
	<ul> <li>a detailed explanation of each of the arguments Descartes uses in his method of doubt: the senses argument, the dreaming argument, and the deceiving God argument</li> </ul>						
	• a brief description of the role of the malicious demon.						
		_					
		_					
		_					
		_					
		_					
		_					
		_					
		_					
		_					
		_					
		_					
		_					
		_					
		_					
		_					
		_					
		_					



			MARKS	DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN
3.	(a)	(continued)		
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			_	
			_	
			_	



MARKS	DO
MARKS	WF

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

^		1
2 1	COntini	וממו
3. (	(continu	JEU /
	(	,

(b)	Explain at least two criticisms of Descartes' method of doubt. You may choose to criticise Descartes' arguments and/or make general comments about the strengths and/or weaknesses of his method of doubt.



-)	Describe Descartes' Cogito.	4	ŀ
-)	Describe Descartes Cogito.	4	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
1)	Does Descartes succeed in establishing his Cogito as certain knowledge?	_	
l)	Does Descartes succeed in establishing his Cogito as certain knowledge?  Give reasons for your answer.	- - 3	
l)	Does Descartes succeed in establishing his Cogito as certain knowledge? Give reasons for your answer.	3	
l)		- - 3	
l)		- - 3	
1)		- - 3 -	
l)		- 3 -	
1)		<b>3</b>	
I)		- 3 - -	
l)		- 3 - -	
I)		3	
I)		3	
1)		3 - - -	
l)		3 - - - -	



OR

4.	Н	U	M	ŀΕ

(a) Explain Hume's theory of knowledge.

10

In your answer you must include:

- a brief description of impressions and ideas
- a brief description of how we acquire complex ideas

•	a detailed explanation of the arguments Hume uses to support his copy principle: that all ideas can be traced back to impressions; and that if there is no impression then there cannot be a corresponding idea.
_	
_	
_	
_	
_	
_	
_	



1	(2)	(continued)	MARKS	DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN
+.	(a)	(continued)		
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			_	
			_	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	
			-	



(co	ntinued)	MARKS	DO WRI T
(b)	Hume uses the missing shade of blue as a counter-example to his theory of knowledge.		MA
	Explain the missing shade of blue.	4	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
(c)	Do you think the missing shade of blue is a problem for Hume's theory of knowledge?	_	
	Give reasons for your answer.	3	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	



MARKS	DO NOT WRITE IN
	THIS MARGIN

ontinu	ed)
	ontinu

(d)	Explain at least two criticisms of Hume's theory of knowledge. You may choose to criticise Hume's arguments and/or make general comments about the strengths and/or weaknesses of his theory of knowledge.



## SECTION 3 — MORAL PHILOSOPHY — 30 MARKS Attempt all questions

5.	(a)	Describe the <b>three</b> key components of the greatest happiness principle.



(cor	ntinued)	MARKS	DO N WRITI THI MARG
(b)	Explain three common criticisms of Utilitarianism.	6	
		_	
		-	
		_	
		-	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		-	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		-	
		_	



MARKS	DO NOT
MARKS	WRITE IN
	THIS
	MARGIN

	1	ntin	1
5.	ıco	ntin	пеп
<b>~</b> .	100		$a \sim a$

You have studied a moral theory <b>other than Utilitarianism</b> .  Describe the key features of your other moral theory.				



MARKS	DO NOT WRITE IN
	THIS
	MARGIN

_		- 1
5. (	(continu	וממו
J. 1	COLLUIT	acu i

(d)	Explain <b>two</b> common criticisms of your other moral theory.			

[Turn over



### (continued)

(e) Read the following scenario.

In a shop you are accidentally given an extra £10 note in your change. You are considering whether you ought to return the extra £10.

(i)	A Utilitarian would advise you to return the extra £10.  Explain why they would give you this advice.				



MARKS	DO NOT WRITE IN
	THIS MARGIN

# 5. (e) (continued)

(ii)	A follower of your other moral theory would advise you to return the extra £10.  Explain why they would give you this advice.			

[Turn over



<b>MARKS</b>	DO NOT
	WRITE IN
	THIS
	MARGIN

5.	(0)	(continued)
Э.	(e)	(continued)

(iii)	Which moral theory offers the most convincing reasons for returning the extra £10?
	Explain your answer.

[END OF QUESTION PAPER]



MARKS DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

### ADDITIONAL SPACE FOR ANSWERS AND ROUGH WORK



MARKS DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

#### ADDITIONAL SPACE FOR ANSWERS AND ROUGH WORK

